



Postgres in a world of DevOps

MOVE FAST, OR ...

MARC LINSTER
SVP, PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT AND SUPPORT

As every company becomes a software company,
DevOps is the new lean manufacturing.



PaaS

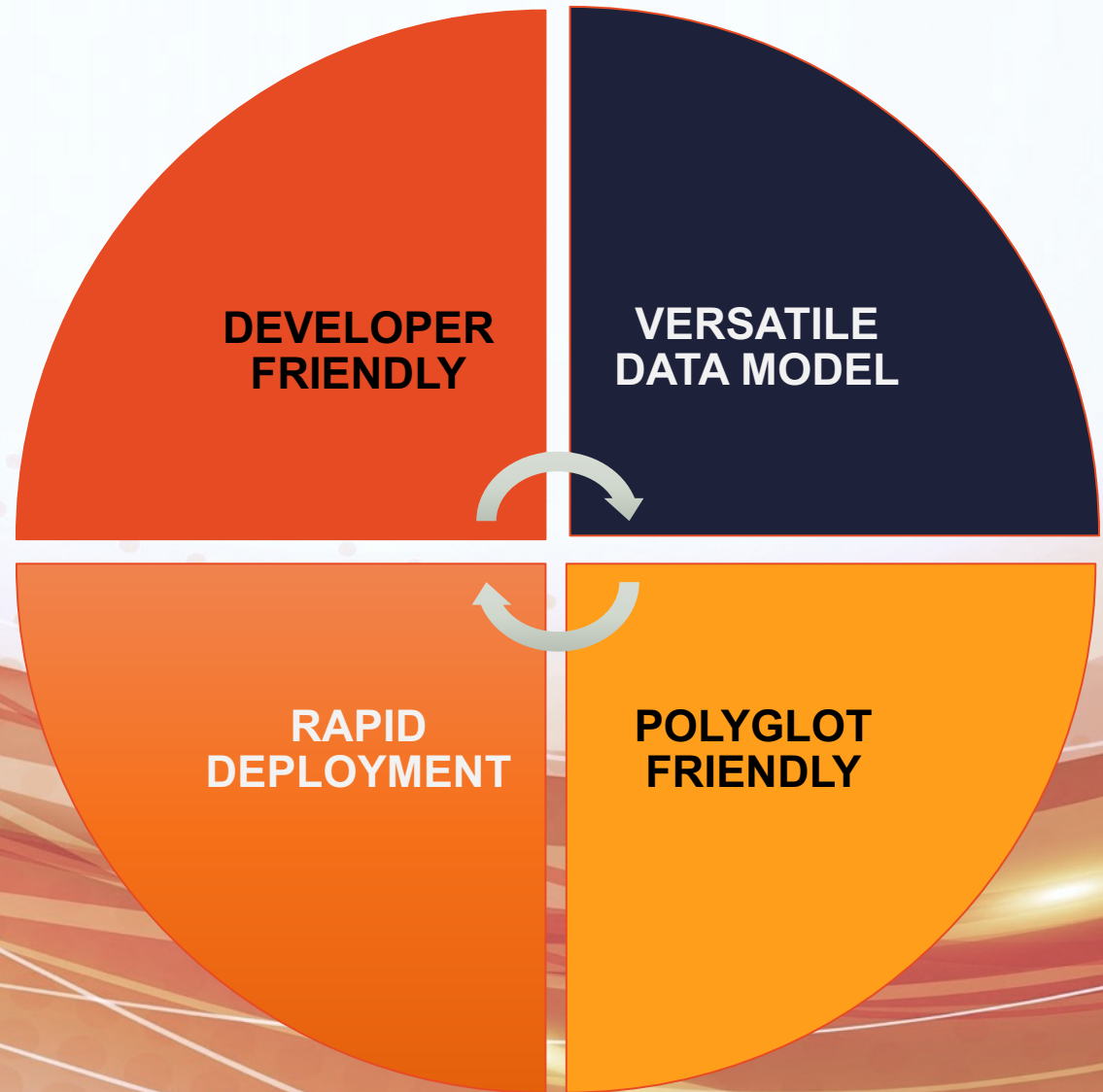
CICD

Microservices

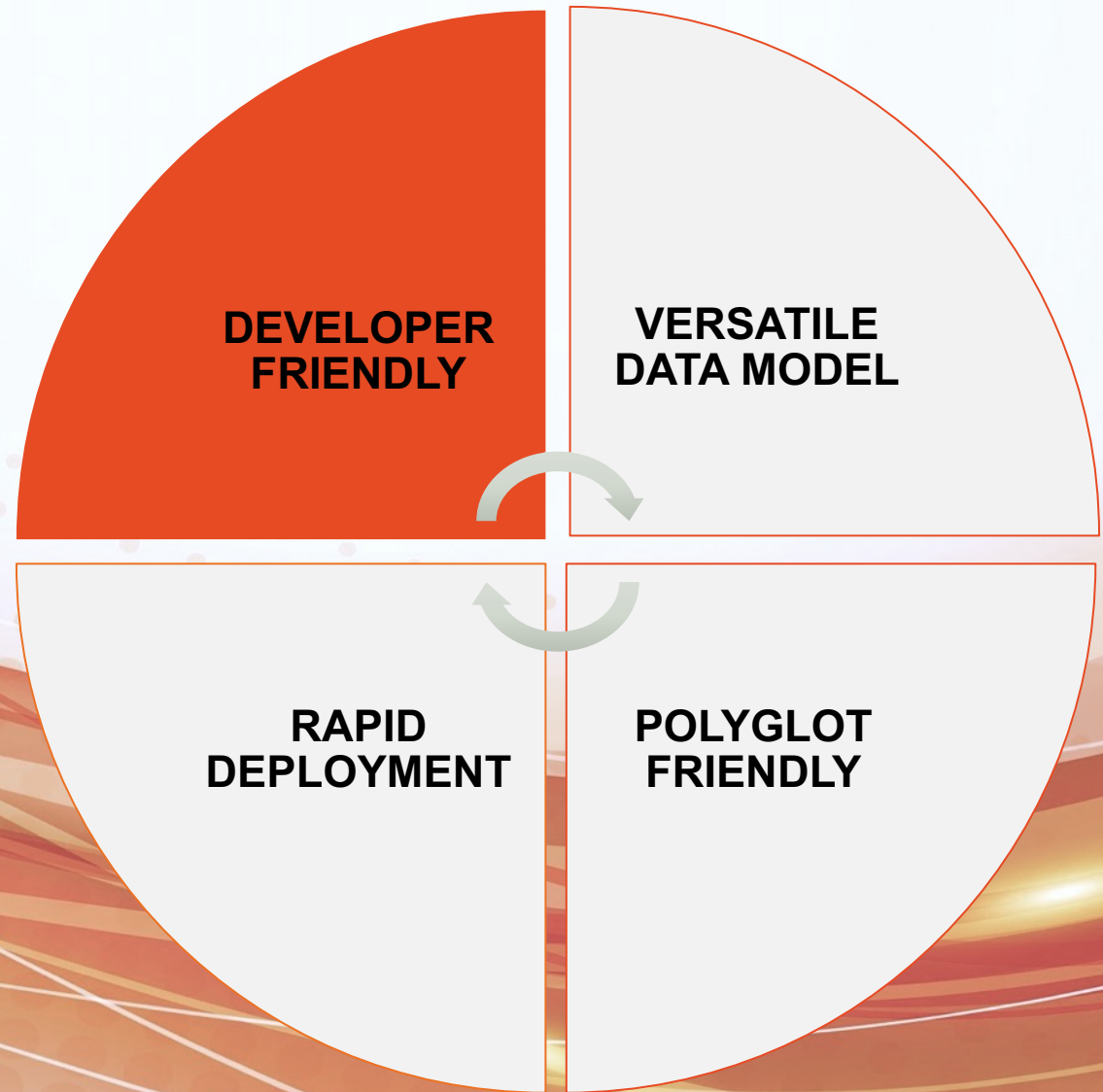
Containers

EDB
POSTGRES

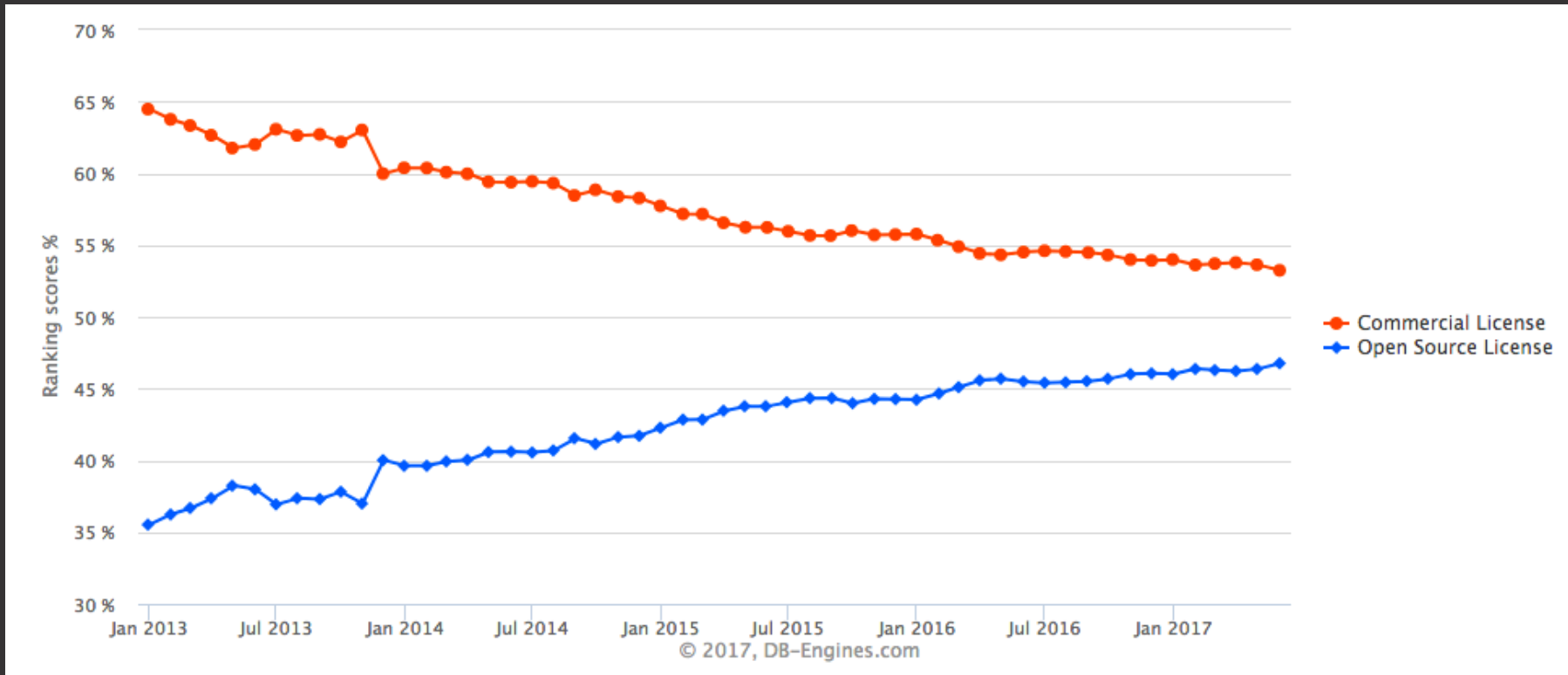
What does it mean for the database?



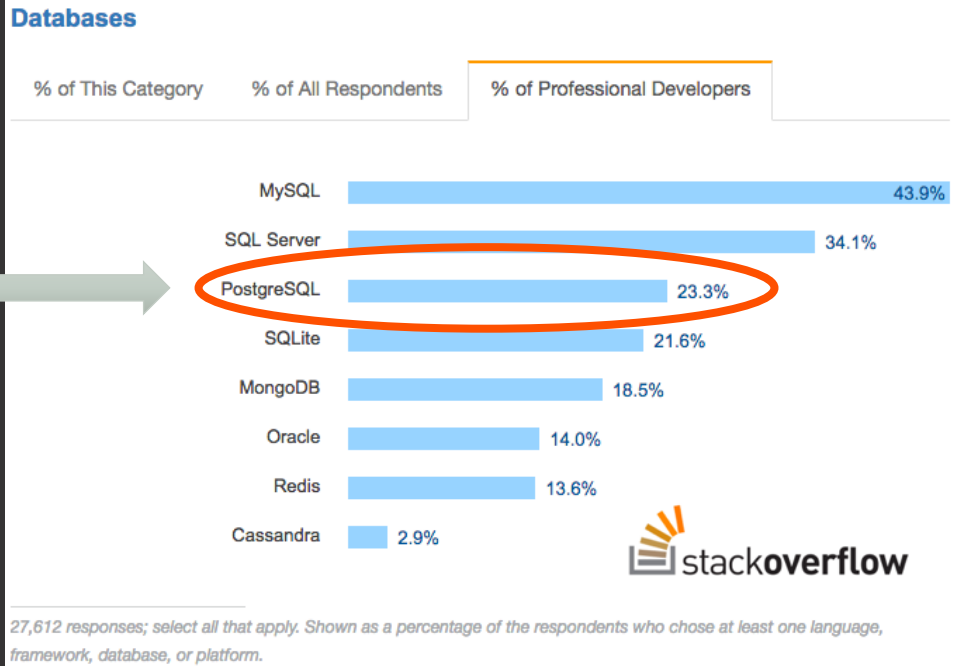
What does it mean for the database?



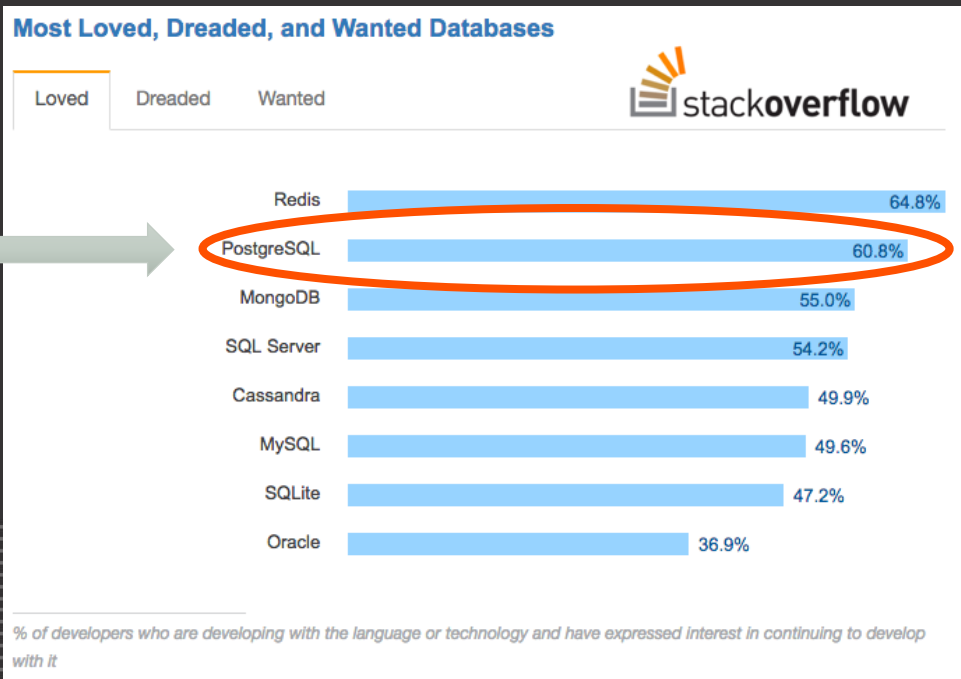
Popularity trend driven by cost and flexibility



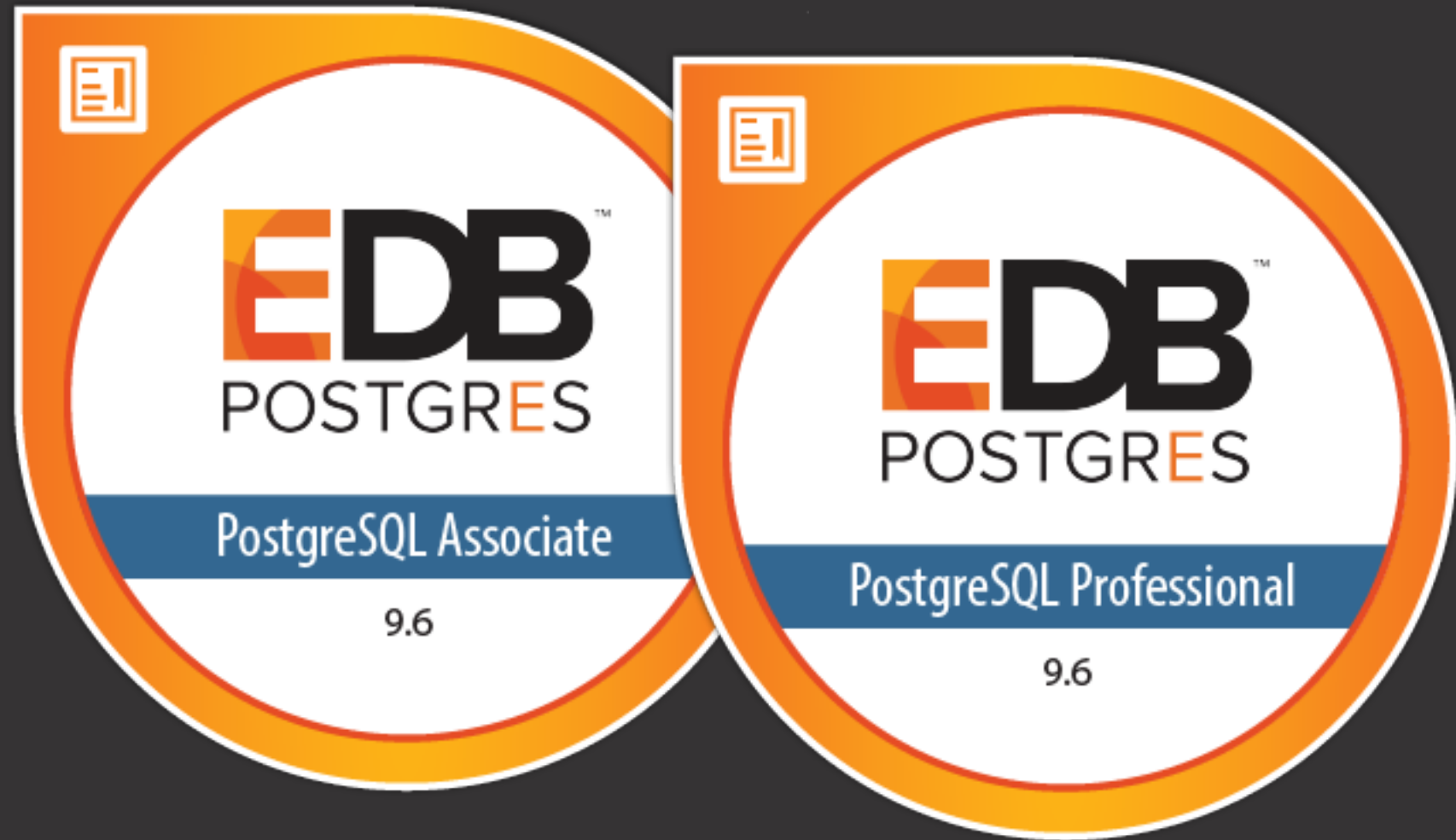
MOST USED



MOST LOVED



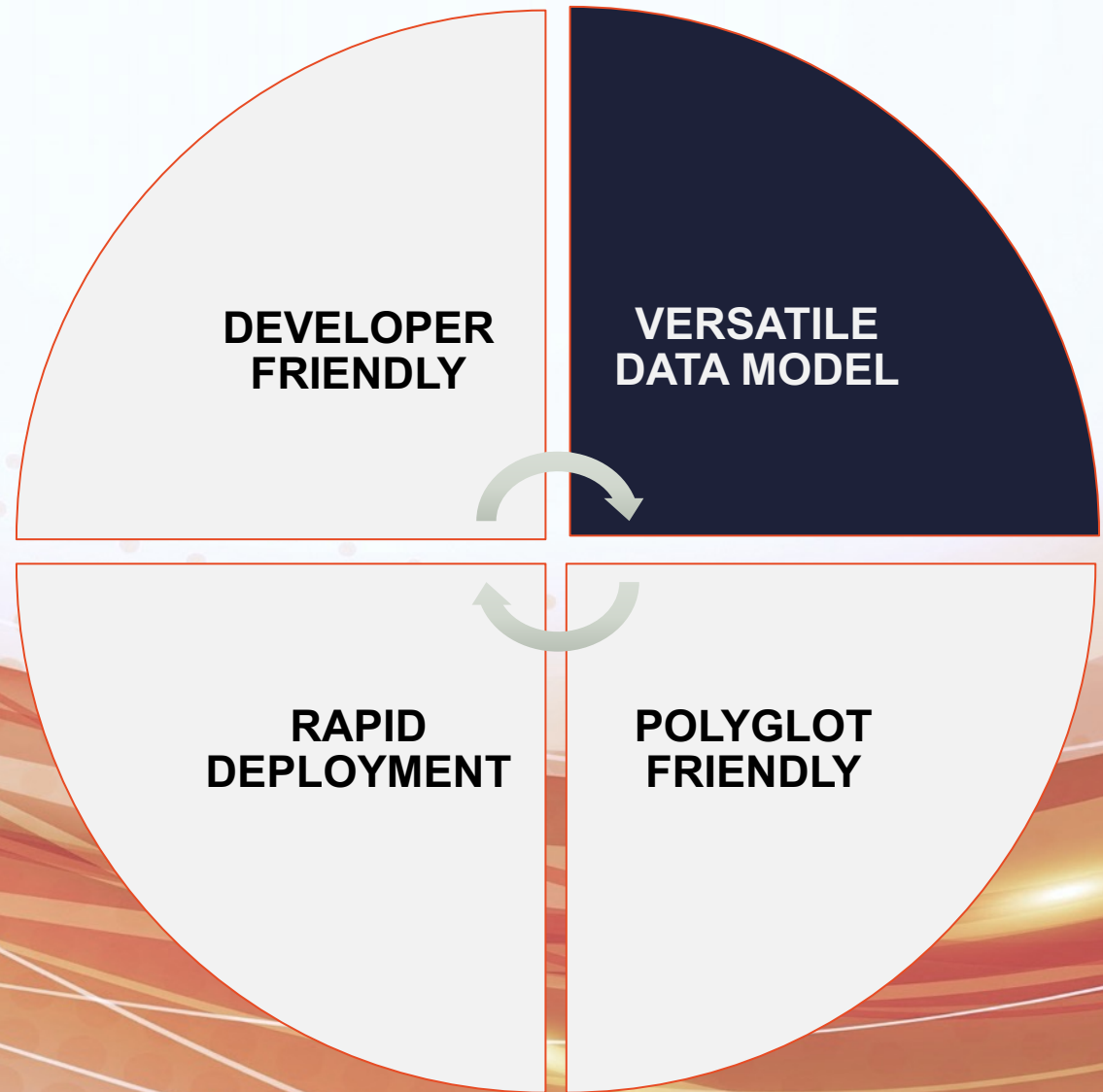
Industry recognition of skill proficiency



Postgres Certification



What does it mean for the database?



Postgres: The most versatile DBMS

Runs on all platforms

Speaks every language

Not only SQL

Scales in both directions



Why choose between NoSQL and Relational?

ANSI SQL

```
SELECT DISTINCT
  product_type,
  data->>'brand' as Brand,
  data->>'available' as Availability
FROM json_data
JOIN products
ON (products.product_type=json_data.data->>'name')
WHERE json_data.data->>'available'=true;
```

JSON

product_type	brand	availability
AC3 Phone	ACME	true

START SCHEMALESS



- Leverage structure as it emerges
- Support agile, iterative development
- Create data models where they provide value

LEVERAGE JSONB

- Leverage JSONB for rapidly changing data models
- Example: address data records
 - Conventional columns: First Name, Last Name
 - JSONB: Contact Information
 - Phone numbers (home, cell, car, weekend, boyfriend...)
 - Email (work, private, spam ...)

AVOID PENALTY



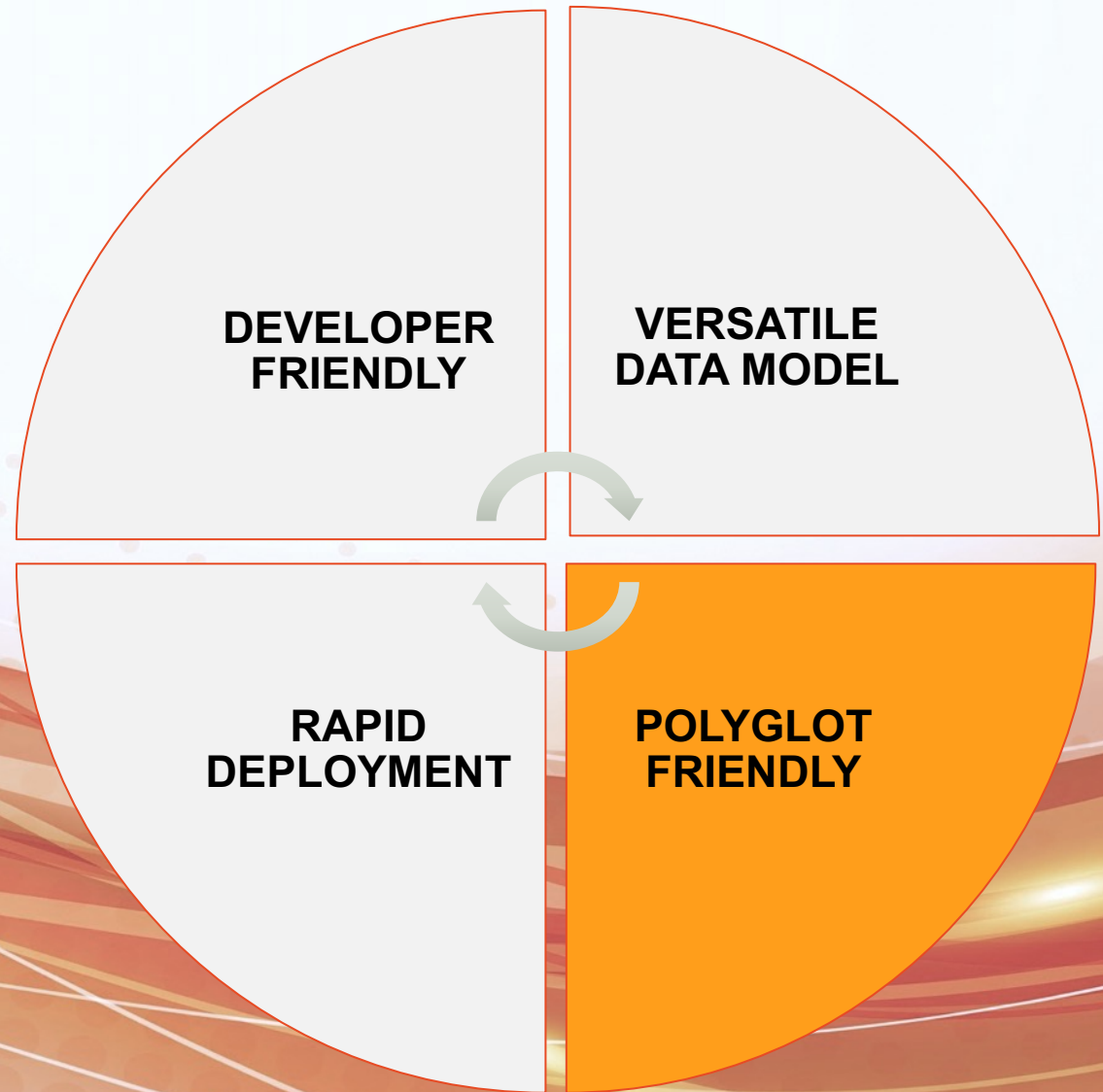
- Avoid the DDL penalty for adding columns



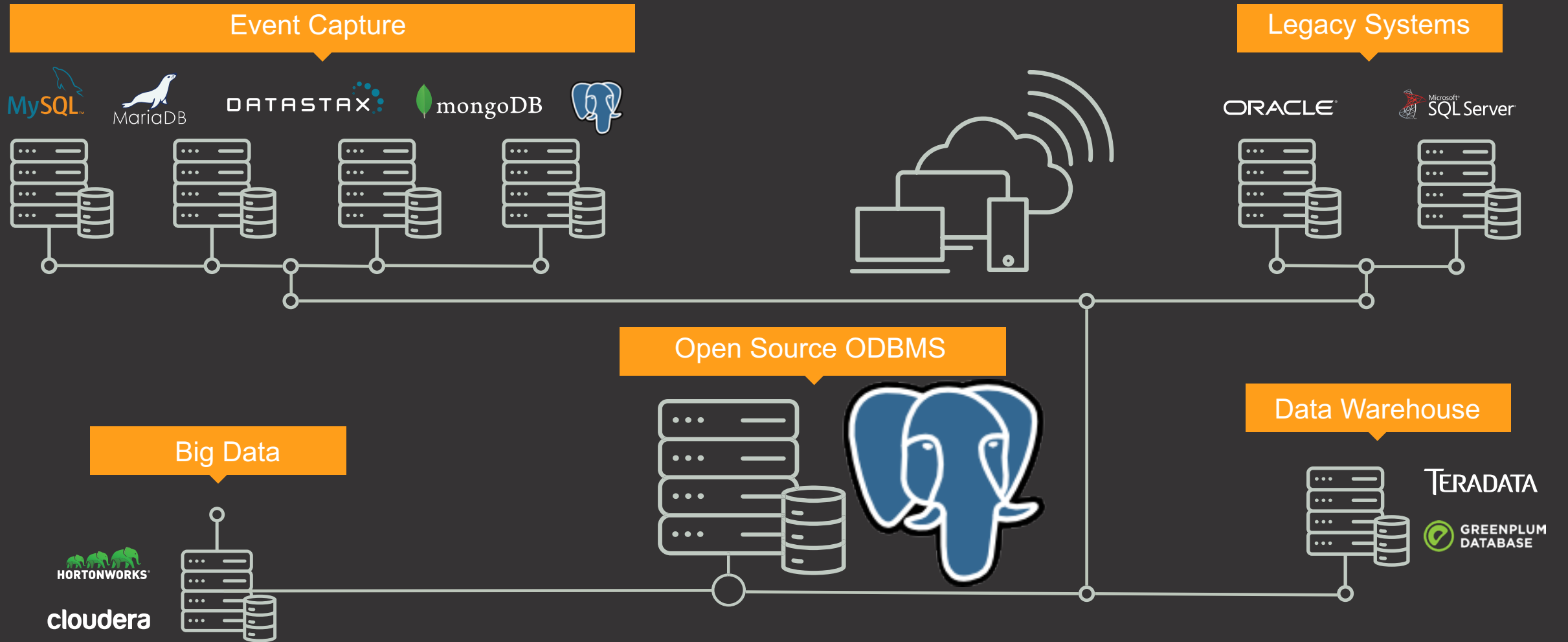
Why not just SQL?

EDB
POSTGRES

What does it mean for the database?



Postgres in the Polyglot Ecosystem



FDW IMPLEMENTS SQL/MED ("SQL MANAGEMENT OF EXTERNAL DATA")

PostgreSQL 9.1 - read-only support

PostgreSQL 9.3 – read/write support

PostgreSQL 9.6 – pushdown joins, sorts, UPDATE, DELETE

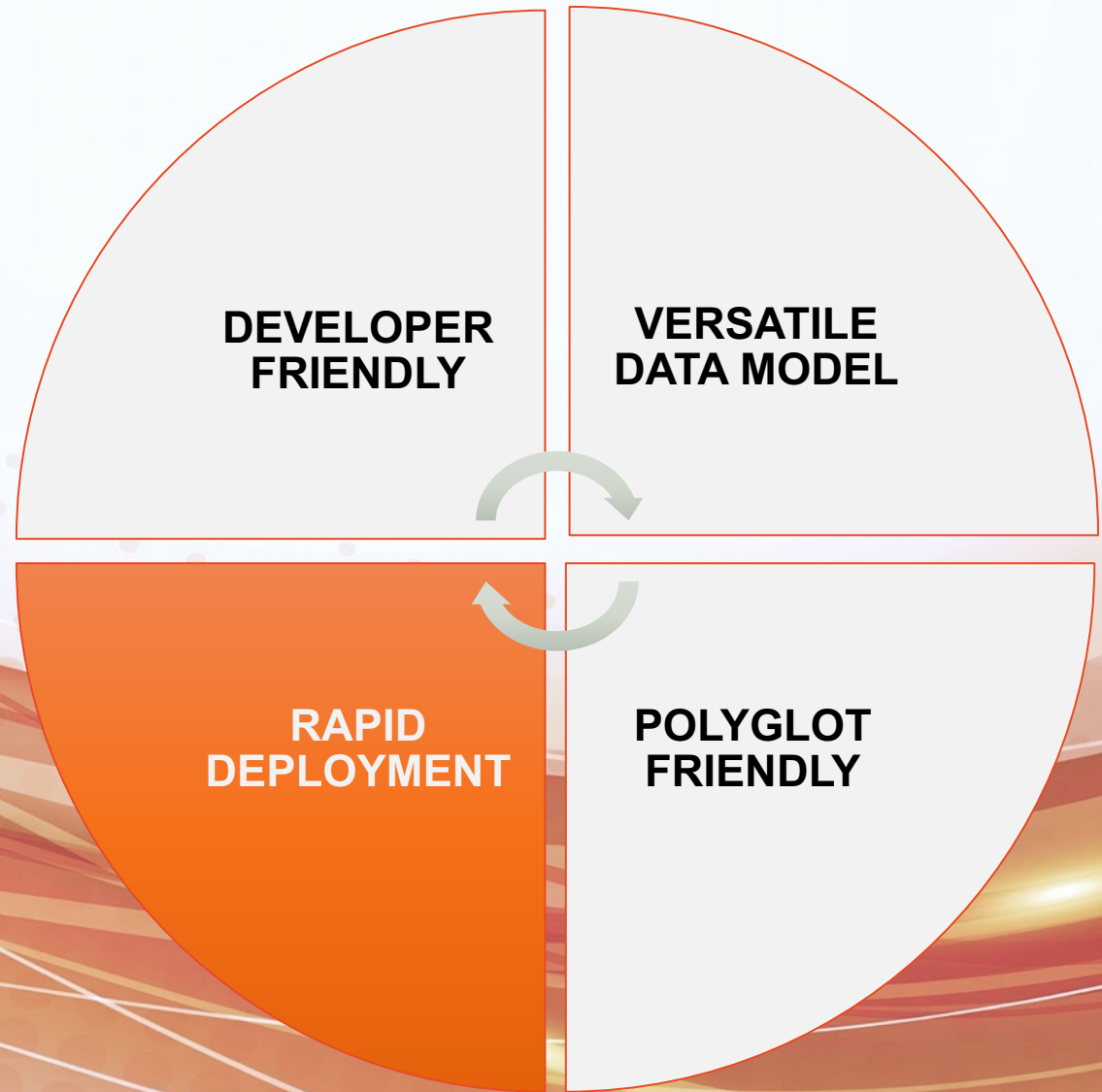
PostgreSQL 10 - aggregate pushdown

*FDW: Makes data on other servers (or services) look like tables in Postgres.
Available for many data sources (MongoDB, MySQL, HDFS, Spark, ...)*



Foreign Data Wrappers – Making Polyglot Happen

What does it mean for the database?





CLOUD

- Public (AWS, Google, Azure, Aliyun, ...)
- Private (OpenStack, VCloud, Puppet/Chef on Virtualization, Pivotal Cloud Foundry, Container/Kubernetes/OpenShift)

DBaaS

- Stop deploying databases
 - Deploy clusters w. HA, DR, self healing, scaling, etc.
 - provide services, not databases

Micro Services

- Large monolithic databases refactored into transaction sets
- Applications get refactored into micro-services
- Deployment models move from VM/Bare Metal to DBaaS and Containers



Rapid Deployment

EDB[™]
POSTGRES

SUPPORTING DevOps WITH DBaaS



Address the tension between developers and operations

DEVELOPERS WANT | Agility | Speed to deploy |
Flow through tool chain

OPERATIONS WANTS | Visibility | Control –
budgeted resources – cost – data models |
Efficient use of resources



Dev & Ops Interaction Challenges



“I’ll just use AWS...”

*“I have to
release it next
month or else...”*

*“I need a NoSQL
DB for my app to
scale...”*

*“I need my
environment NOW!”*

*“I only need it for
a couple of weeks...”*



**“I JUST DON’T UNDERSTAND
THESE DEVELOPERS...”**

Dev & Ops Interaction Challenges



“My budget and my team are not getting any bigger..”

“Why can’t they just use Oracle?”

“We have no idea what they are putting on the public cloud..”

“We need time to do it right...”

“I know that they are putting our customer data at risk...”



“THESE OPS PEOPLE JUST DON’T GET IT...”

Micro Services and Containers

MAJOR TRENDS

- Large monolithic databases refactored into transaction sets
- Applications get refactored into micro-services
- Deployment models move from VM/Bare Metal to DBaaS and Containers



Monolithic DB
System of Record

*Refactored by
transactions
sets*



Shipping
Transactions



Payroll
Transactions



Inventory
Transactions



Salary
Transactions



Sales
Transactions



Compensation
Transactions



Customer
Transactions



Employee
Transactions



Key to DevOps

EDB
POSTGRES

What does it mean for the database?

- Easy to use
- High adoption rate
- Readily available skill set
- Training and certification

DEVELOPER FRIENDLY

- Multi model database
- Rich set of data types and extensions (JSONB, Hstore, PostGIS, ...)

VERSATILE DATA MODEL

RAPID DEPLOYMENT

- Cloud friendly
- Micro/Mini services database refactoring
- DBaaS focus

POLYGLOT FRIENDLY

- Open co-existence with HDFS, Mongo, Kafka, ...
- Rich FDW library



THANK YOU